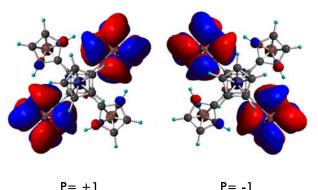
Quantum-Dot Cellular Automata (QCA)

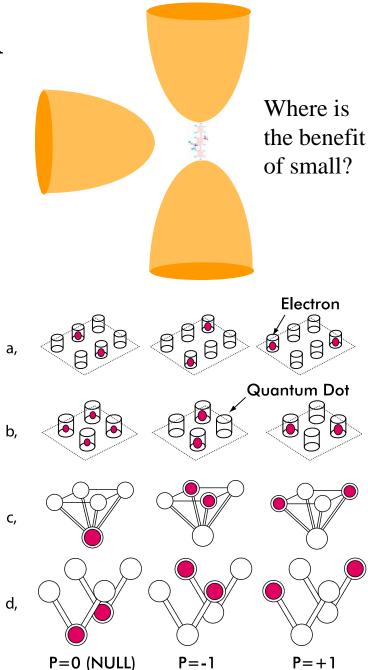
Konrad Walus UBC Electrical and Computer Engineering

Α

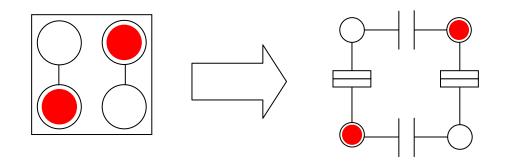
- Objective: a switching device that gets better as it gets smaller
- Computing paradigm based on electronic charge configuration rather than current switching
- A better approach to molecular electronics?
- Takes full advantage of molecular scales



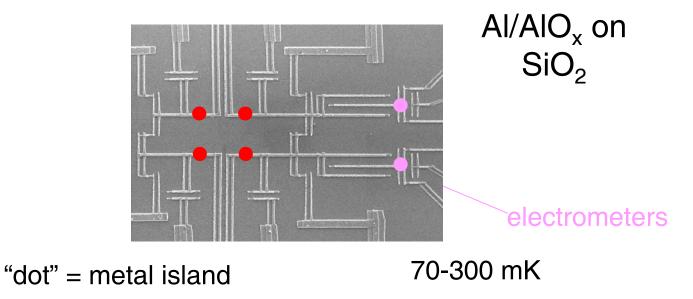
P = +1



Fabricated QCA Devices

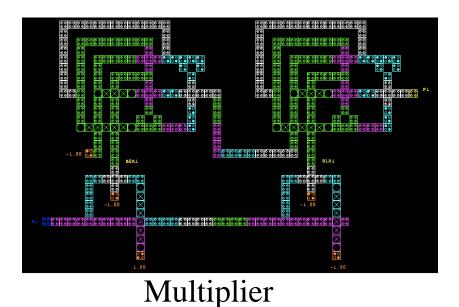


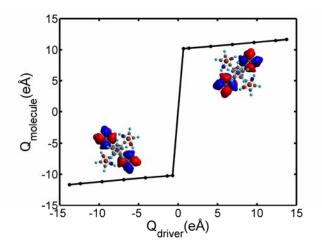
Metal-dot QCA implementation

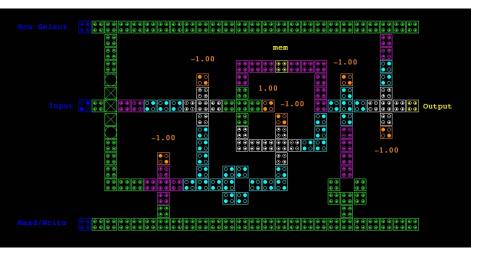


QCA

- Nonlinear charge interaction between cells
- Circuits are created with arrays of cells
- Many standard circuits have already been designed







Memory Cell

Our Research Objectives

- Develop experimental platforms for QCA based on 2DEG, metal-island, and SOI.
 - Require mK characterization
 - Require nm lithography
- Develop simulation and design tools based on these results.
- Develop architectures which take fulladvantage of the unique properties of QCA.